Abstract

Spatial Analysis of Palestinian Refugees in Bir-zeit and its Proximity

The Palestinian Refugees issue is considered one of the most sensitive, negotiable and complicated in the Arab-Israeli conflict. This issue isn’t only connected with its political dimension but also as an issue of a whole nation, deprived of their father land. Moreover, this question influenced other particular families who have lost their properties and families solely to preserve their lives, their survival and progress in the hope of returning to their homeland, their property and their communities as soon as possible.

This study covers the residential refugees in Birzeit and its proximity: Burham, Surda, Atara, Abu Kash, kober, Gebia, Abu Shkhadem, Al-mzr’a Al gharbyeh, burham and Jefna. The study meant to identify social, economic and cultural situations beside, a future vision of a permanent resolution.

The study shows some social and demographic characteristics of the Palestinian refugees living in the area of study region and the extent of their social involvement with the residential people of the region who receive them and provide help, aid, food, drink and shelters. It is well known that a large portion of the refugees were living in better situations in their country.
of origin. Despite of minor improvements, which affected some aspects of 
refugees, the Israeli occupation in 1967 of the area known as the West Bank, 
led to an increase in the poor condition of the citizens in general and 
refugees in particular, which doubled the desire of refugees to return to their 
land, which was confiscated from them.

The study's adherence to the right of refugees to return, as it became clear 
that they were able to measure their lives during the long years of exile, 
particularly in the fields of social, economic and educational.