Abstract

Studies about the history of Jerusalem has received great interest and concern for many researchers and historians in East and West because of its religious importance and its pioneering role in conflicting with others. Although there are many researches and books focused on the history of this important city, there several basic issues, social categories and historical periods have been forgotten and form an important field and fertile space for researchers to shed light on further details on its hidden aspects. So, as the subject of Othmani conflict with the head of nobles and local forces in Jerusalem in the period from 1702-1705 is one of these incidents which hasn’t been studied indetails aims at disclosing hidden aspects and the nature of incidents happened with the results, the researcher has selected these domains to be the subject of the research and goal of the study.

This study which is represented in studying the history of Jerusalem is regarded important as it has formed one of the spots in the history of relationship between the local forces and the Othmani Central Authority with reinforcing basis of political role for families of nobles in the Palestinian movement in the modern age in addition to strengthening understanding for the appearance of local leadership elites between the Palestinian families.

Although, it has been known that local forces followed central
authority which reinforces the force and power of local forces and dedicates its role in its areas, the involvement of head of nobles/alids in conflicts with representatives with the representatives of central government in Jerusalem for the period from 1702-1705 has led to studying these incidents to study the relationship from the point of view of problematic as a step to understand this issue.

It has been clarified later that conflict has come as a result of public anger for the administrative, security and economic situations which led to weakening of the central government in the end of seventeenth century as well as the capacity of local forces to exploit the case of anger and abuse for families to face the risks of its interests as the central government has tried to return its force in provinces without taking the power of these forces into consideration.

This study has endeavored to disclose the depth of families anger and abuse from security and economic situations in provinces aiming at understanding this phenomenon and examining entries and interactions of these incidents, in addition to results. It also endeavored to check the range of Othmani central government after its military success in rearranging papers and situations to control the situation and weakening the power of local forces that participated in conflict and has granted this power for other forces which have cooperated with it in returning the governor of the province to the city which has led to the appearance of the role of these families in provinces.